





**Security is Dead!**  
**Long live Security!**  
**Modern operating system**  
**made securely**  
  
**the GNOME way**



# Philosophy behind GNOME



# Inclusiveness...






... end user experience



# Accessible & usable by everyone

 l10n

 i18n

 Accessibility

 Usability





# Chinese (Taiwan) (zh\_TW)

Release	User Interface	Graph
GNOME 3.32 (development)	<u>94%</u> <a href="#">41512</a> <a href="#">1340</a> <a href="#">1134</a>	
GNOME 3.30 (stable)	<u>95%</u> <a href="#">42586</a> <a href="#">991</a> <a href="#">875</a>	
GNOME 3.28 (old stable)	<u>95%</u> <a href="#">41695</a> <a href="#">1123</a> <a href="#">786</a>	
GNOME Infrastructure	<u>58%</u> <a href="#">884</a> <a href="#">50</a> <a href="#">580</a>	
GIMP and Friends	<u>56%</u> <a href="#">13201</a> <a href="#">3764</a> <a href="#">6520</a>	
Extra GNOME Applications (stable)	<u>55%</u> <a href="#">12407</a> <a href="#">2286</a> <a href="#">7534</a>	
Extra GNOME Applications	<u>50%</u> <a href="#">26798</a> <a href="#">4821</a> <a href="#">21192</a>	
freedesktop.org (non-GNOME)	<u>64%</u> <a href="#">5872</a> <a href="#">1004</a> <a href="#">2186</a>	



# Freedom







“Filtering out extraneous  
information is one of the basic  
functions of consciousness”  
— Barry Schwarz



**IF YOU FORCE THE USER TO BE A  
PART OF A SECURITY SYSTEM**



**YOU'RE GONNA HAVE A BAD TIME**

Prompts are  
dubious

Security prompts are  
wrong

Interrupting the user  
to make a permanent  
security decision is

EVIL



## Untrusted connection



**This connection is untrusted. Would you like to continue anyway?**

The identity provided by the chat server cannot be verified.

The certificate is self-signed.

### ► Certificate Details

☐ Remember this choice for future connections

Cancel

Continue

The software is not signed by a trusted provider.



The software is not signed by a trusted provider.  
Do not update this package unless you are sure it is safe to do so.

Malicious software can damage your computer or cause other harm.  
Are you **sure** you want to update this package?

Close

Force install



Abrt found a new update which fix your problem. Please run before submitting bug: `pkcon update --repo-enable=fedora --repo-repo=updates-testing tracker-0.14.1-1.fc17`. Do you want to continue with reporting bug?

No

Yes

## Ellisons Law:

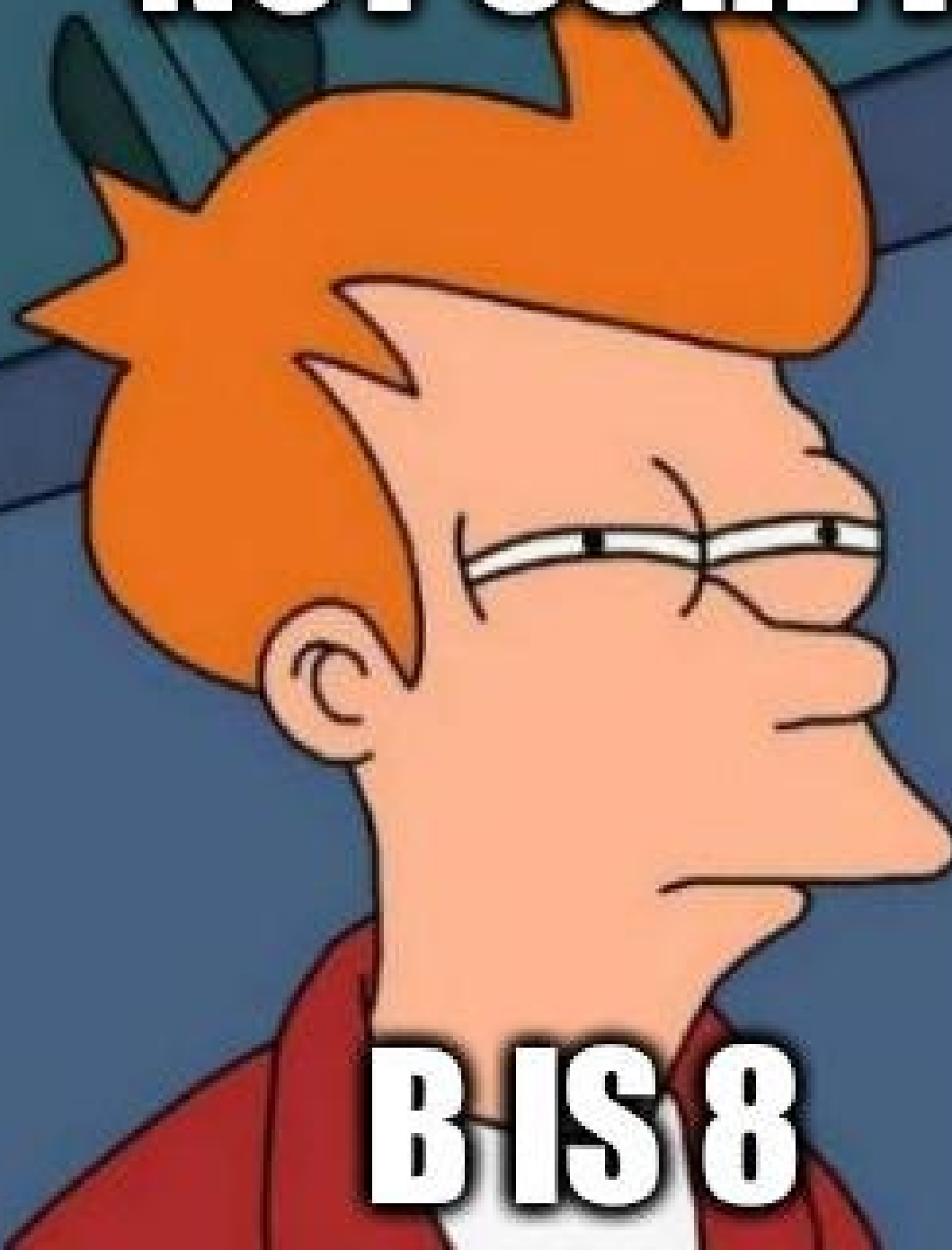
For every keystroke or click required to use a security feature the userbase declines by half.





610C	B252	37B3
70E9	EB21	08E8
9CEE	1B6B	059B
	598E	

**NOT SURE IF**



**B IS 8**

File Edit View Search Tools Documents



\*caffrc ✕

```
# .caffrc -- vim:ft=perl:
# This file is in perl(1) format - see caff(1) for details.

$CONFIG{'owner'} = 'Username';
#$CONFIG{'email'} = '[user]@[domain]';
#$CONFIG{'reply-to'} = 'foo@bla.org';

# You can get your long keyid from
#   gpg --with-colons --list-key <yourkeyid|name|emailaddress..>
#
# If you have a v4 key, it will simply be the last 16 digits of
# your fingerprint.
#
# Example:
#   $CONFIG{'keyid'} = [ qw{FEDCBA9876543210} ];
# or, if you have more than one key:
#   $CONFIG{'keyid'} = [ qw{0123456789ABCDEF 89ABCDEF76543210} ];
#$CONFIG{'keyid'} = [ qw{0123456789abcdef 89abcdef76543210} ];

# Select this/these keys to sign with
#$CONFIG{'local-user'} = [ qw{0123456789abcdef 89abcdef76543210} ];

# Additionally encrypt messages for these keyids
```

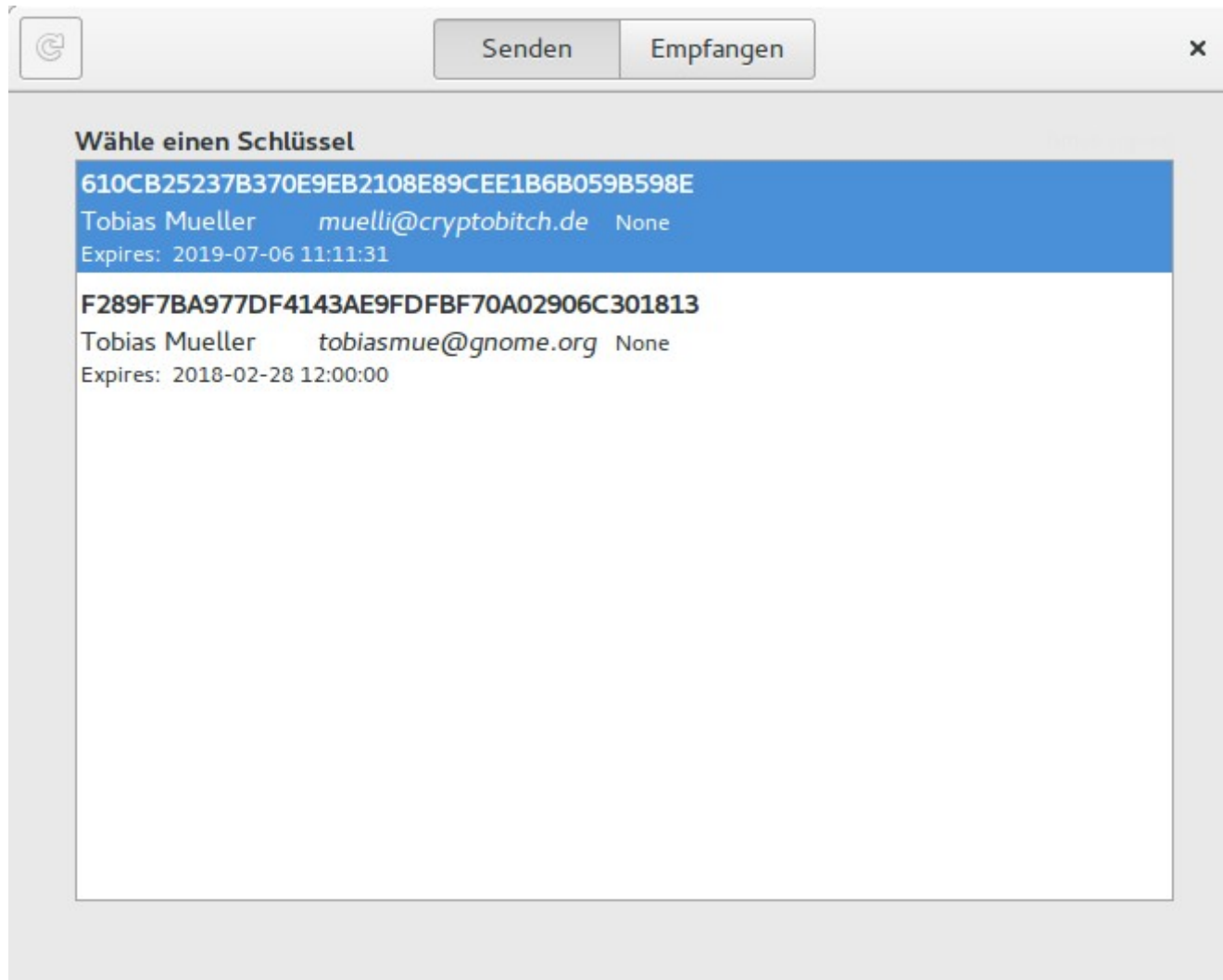
**LET'S MAKE THEM USE  
BASE16, OCAML, AND PERL**

**FOR THEIR CRYPTO**

**I DON'T ALWAYS  
TARGET USERS**









Senden

Empfangen



Um den Key signiert zu bekommen, muss eine andere Person den Sicherheitscode oder den Barcode scannen

### Key Details

Fingerprint F289 F7BA 977D F414 3AE9 FDFB F70A 0290 6C30 1813

UIDs Tobias Mueller <tobiasmue@gnome.org>

### Sicherheitscode

F289 F7BA 977D F414 3AE9  
FDFB F70A 0290 6C30 1813

### QR Code



Send



Receive

To sign someone's key, scan their QR or enter security code

Camera

Integrated Web Cam


Security Code


SendReceive

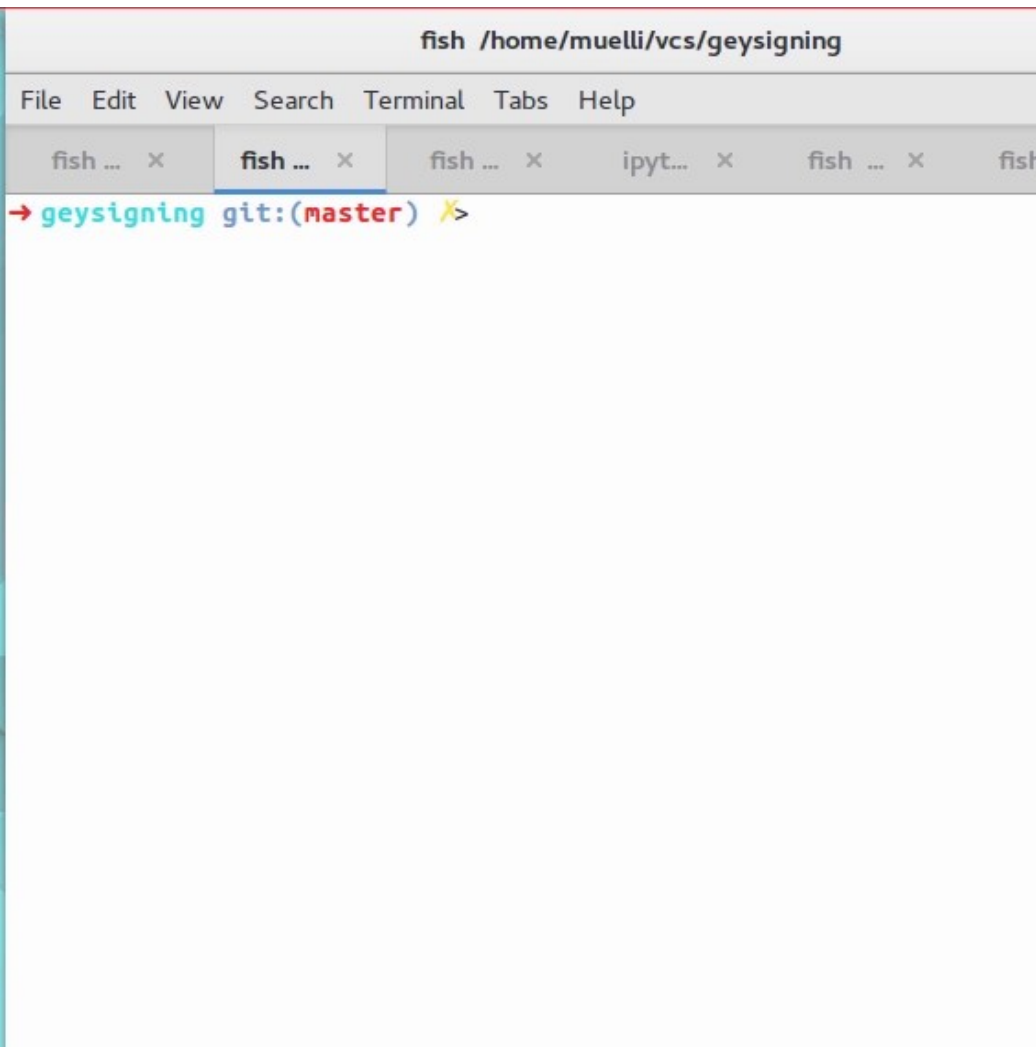
To sign the key, confirm that you want to sign the following key.  
This will generate an email that must be sent in order to complete the signing process.

**Key**  
A0FF 4590 BB61 22ED EF6E 3C54 2D72 7CC7 6869 7734

**UIDs**  
Alfa Test <alfa@example.net>  
Alpha Test <alpha@example.net>  
Alice <unknown>



Confirm



# Containerise all the Apps!





# Challenges for containerised Apps

- 🐾 Access to X, DRI
- 🐾 DBus, other Apps
- 🐾 File-IO
- 🐾 Sound, Video, Printing, ...
- 🐾 Grant access temporarily rather than wholesale



# Flatpak

A new way of distributing applications in GNU/Linux

- 🐾 Cross-distribution deployment
- 🐾 runtimes and applications (OSTree)
- 🐾 Sandboxing (bubblewrap)
- 🐾 Invisible to the user
- 🐾 Directly connect users and app developers



# Bubblewrap

## Namespaces, cgroups, seccomp

- ☞ Sandbox apps in chroot-like environments as an unprivileged user
- ☞ Implements a subset of the Kernel's user namespaces feature to isolate processes
- ☞ Allows passing a list of seccomp filters to limit syscalls



# The Sandbox – classic security

- ☞ Limited access to the host system by default:
- ☞ No access to processes outside the sandbox (namespaces)
- ☞ No access to the network, session bus and devices
- ☞ Controlled execution of certain syscalls (seccomp filters)
- ☞ Read-only access to the runtime and app (bind mounts)
- ☞ read-write access to `$HOME/.var/app/$APPID`
- ☞ Controlled access to resources (cgroups)
- ☞ No access to host services (e.g. X/Wayland, system bus...)

**very limiting by default, but there are ways of dealing with that to run real-world applications...**



# Punching holes

- 🐾 Grant access to UNIX domain sockets: X.org, Wayland, PulseAudio, System and Session D-Bus...
- 🐾 Grant access to specific devices: dri, kvm
- 🐾 Grant access to see, use and/or own specific D-Bus names
- 🐾 Share specific subsystems with the host (network, IPC)
- 🐾 Fine-grained permissions for filesystem access
- 🐾 Define extensions for runtimes or applications (e.g. l10n)

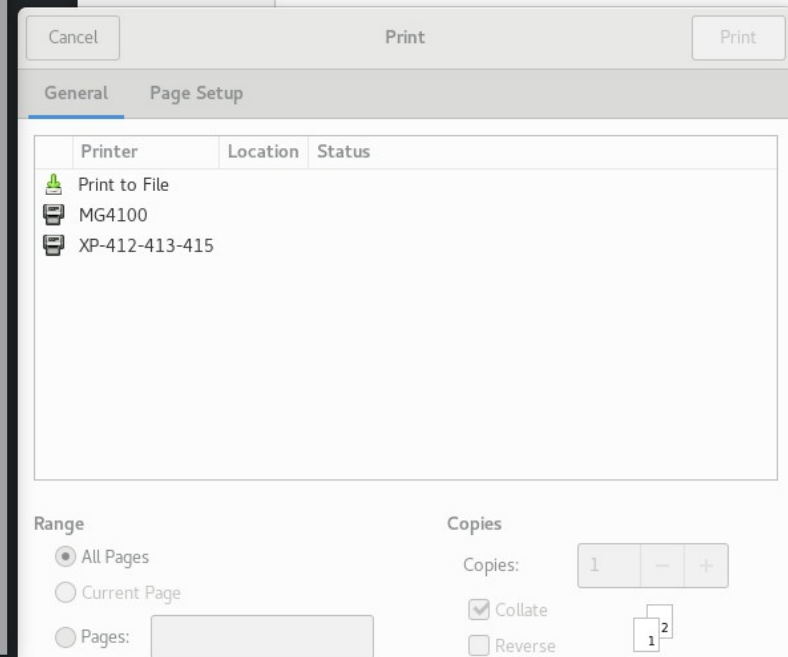
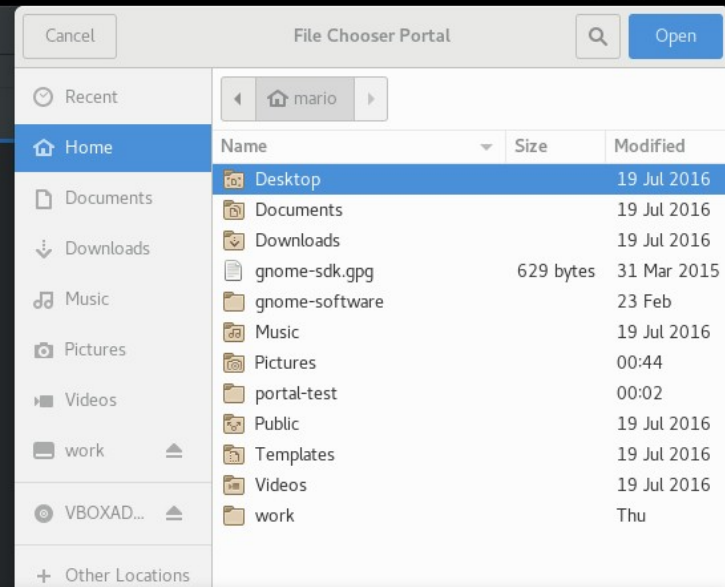


# Escaping the Sandbox through Portals

## - modern security through interactivity

- 🐾 Grant access to UNIX domain sockets: X.org, Wayland, PulseAudio, System and Session D-Bus...
- 🐾 Grant access to specific devices: dri, kvm
- 🐾 Grant access to see, use and/or own specific D-Bus names
- 🐾 Share specific subsystems with the host (network, IPC)
- 🐾 Fine-grained permissions for filesystem access







# USB Security



**When do you use USB?  
And when not?  
And who else uses your USB  
when you're not aware..?**





[Scoring \(via NVD\)](#)[Fix Info \(via NVD\)](#)[CVE-Compatible Products](#)

## News

[Free Newsletter](#)

## Community

[CVE Editorial Board](#)[Board Discussion Archives](#)

## Search the Site

[Site Map](#)

Search

✕

About 246 results (0.25 seconds)

### [CVE - CVE-2016-0133](#)

The **USB** Mass Storage Class driver in Microsoft Windows Vista SP2, Windows Server 2008 SP2 and R2 SP1, Windows 7 SP1, Windows 8.1, Windows Server ...

<https://www.cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2016-0133>

### [CVE - CVE-2013-3200](#)

The **USB** drivers in the kernel-mode drivers in Microsoft Windows XP SP2 and SP3, Windows Server 2003 SP2, Windows Vista SP2, Windows Server 2008 SP2 ...

[www.cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=cve-2013-3200](http://www.cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=cve-2013-3200)

### [CVE - CVE-2010-1083](#)

The processcompl\_compat function in drivers/**usb**/core/devio.c in Linux kernel 2.6.x through 2.6.32, and possibly other

## About CVE Identifiers

[Reference Key/Maps](#)[Editorial Policies](#)[CVE Editor's  
Commentary](#)[Search Tips](#)

## CVE-ID Syntax Change

[CVE-ID Syntax  
Compliance](#)[CVE-ID Syntax  
Guidance](#)[CVE-ID Syntax Test  
Data](#)

## ITEMS OF INTEREST

[Terminology](#)[Common Vulnerability  
Scoring System  
\(CVSS\)](#)[Common Vulnerability  
Reporting Framework  
\(CVRP\)](#)[National Vulnerability  
Database \(NVD\)](#)



This thumbdrive hacks computers. "BadUS...  
http://arstechnica.com/security/2014/07/this-thumbdrive...



MAIN MENU ▾

MY STORIES: 25 ▾

FORUMS

SUBSCRIBE

JOBS

Ars Technica has arrived in Europe. [Check it out](#)

## RISK ASSESSMENT / SECURITY & HACKTIVISM

# This thumbdrive hacks computers. "BadUSB" exploit makes devices turn "evil"

Researchers devise stealthy attack that reprograms USB device firmware.

Loading "arstechnica.com"...

george@whatever: ~

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

```
>>sudo python usb_inhibit.py
```

george@whatever: ~



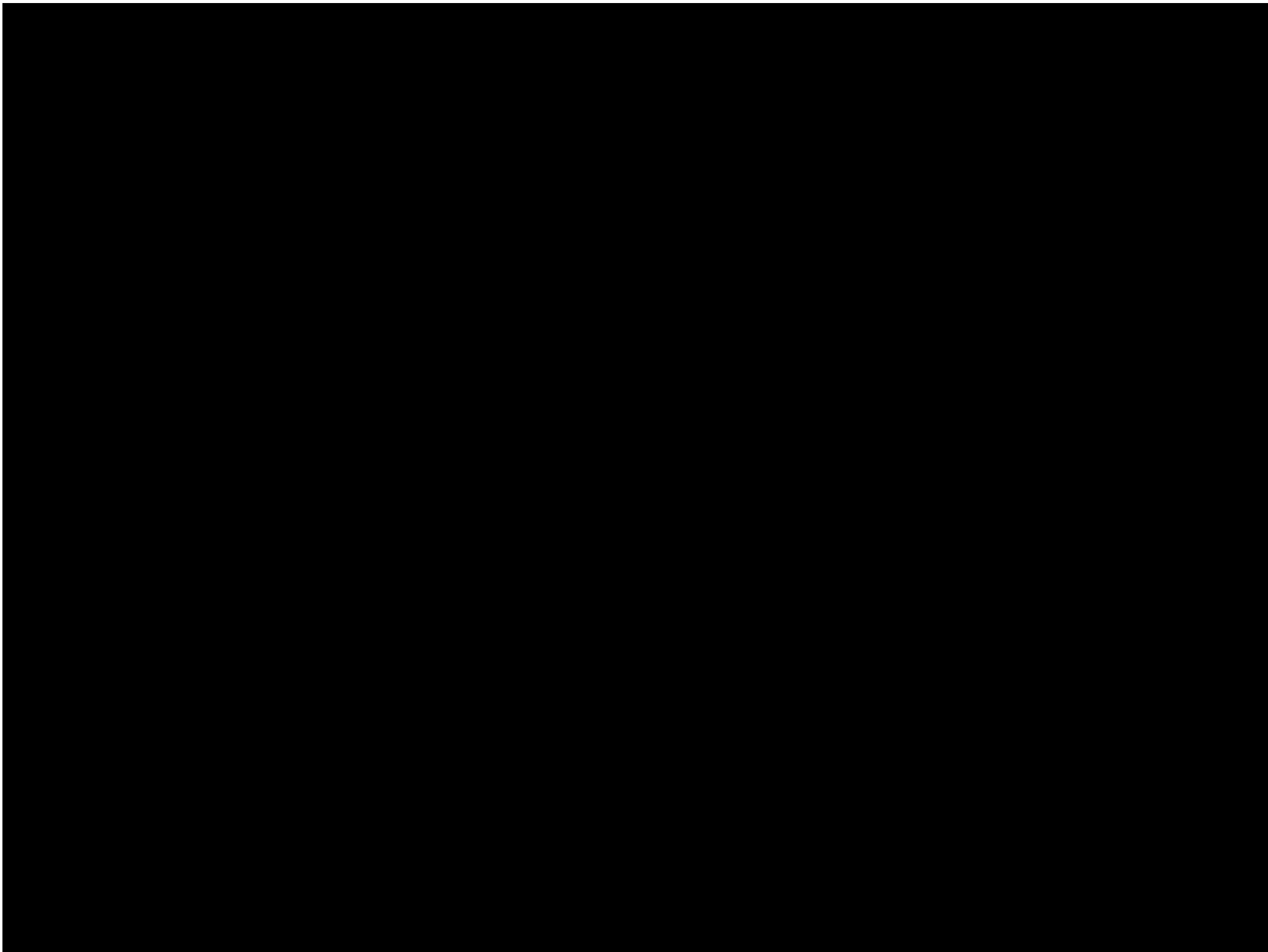
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

```
>>sudo python usb_inhibit.py -- allow 0x
```



Sb 11:02





Settings

Bluetooth

Background

Notifications

Search

Region & Language

Universal Access

Online Accounts

Privacy

Sharing

Sound

Power

Network

Devices

Details

Privacy

Screen Lock

On

Location Services

Off

Usage & History

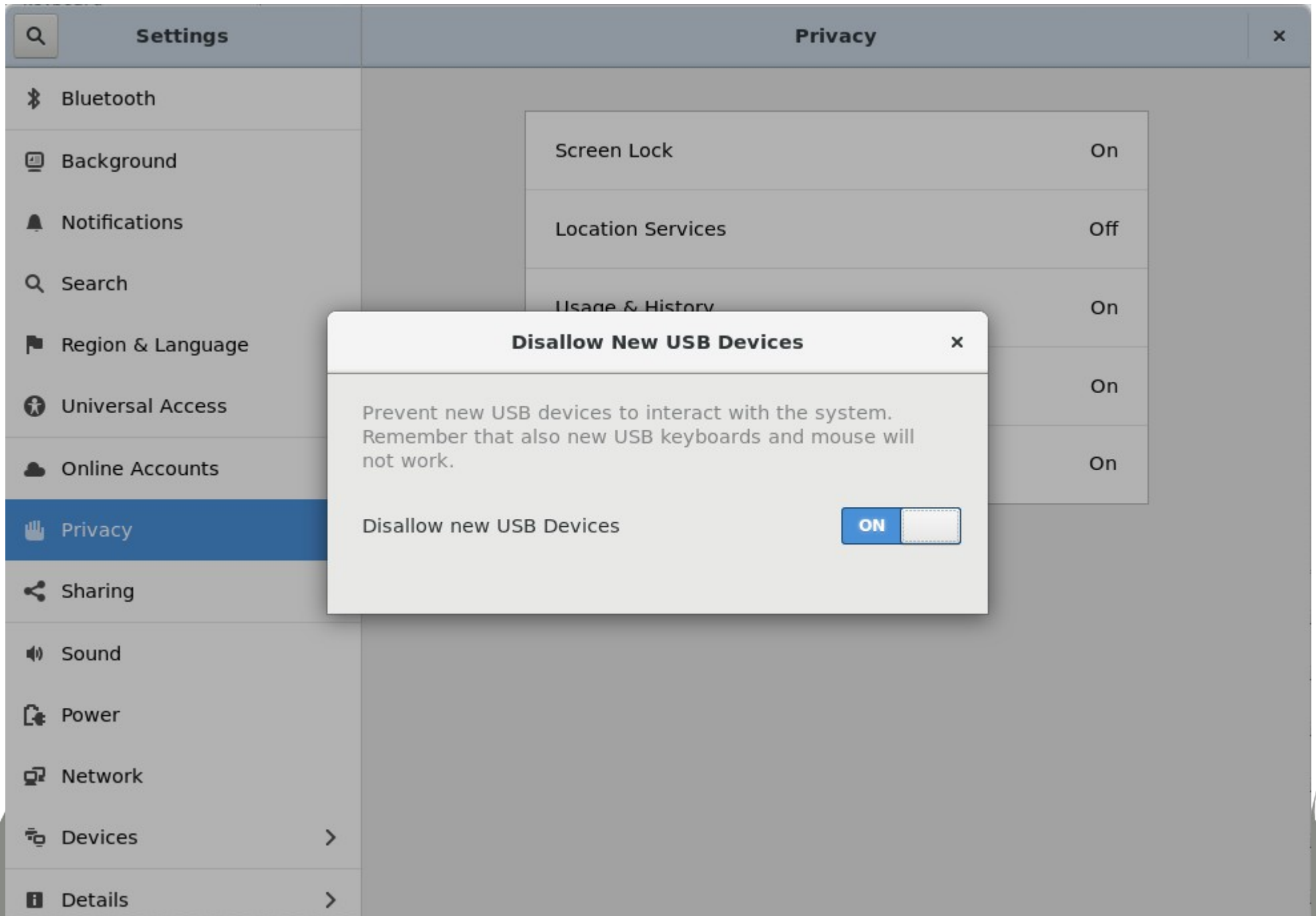
On

Purge Trash & Temporary Files

On

Disallow new USB devices

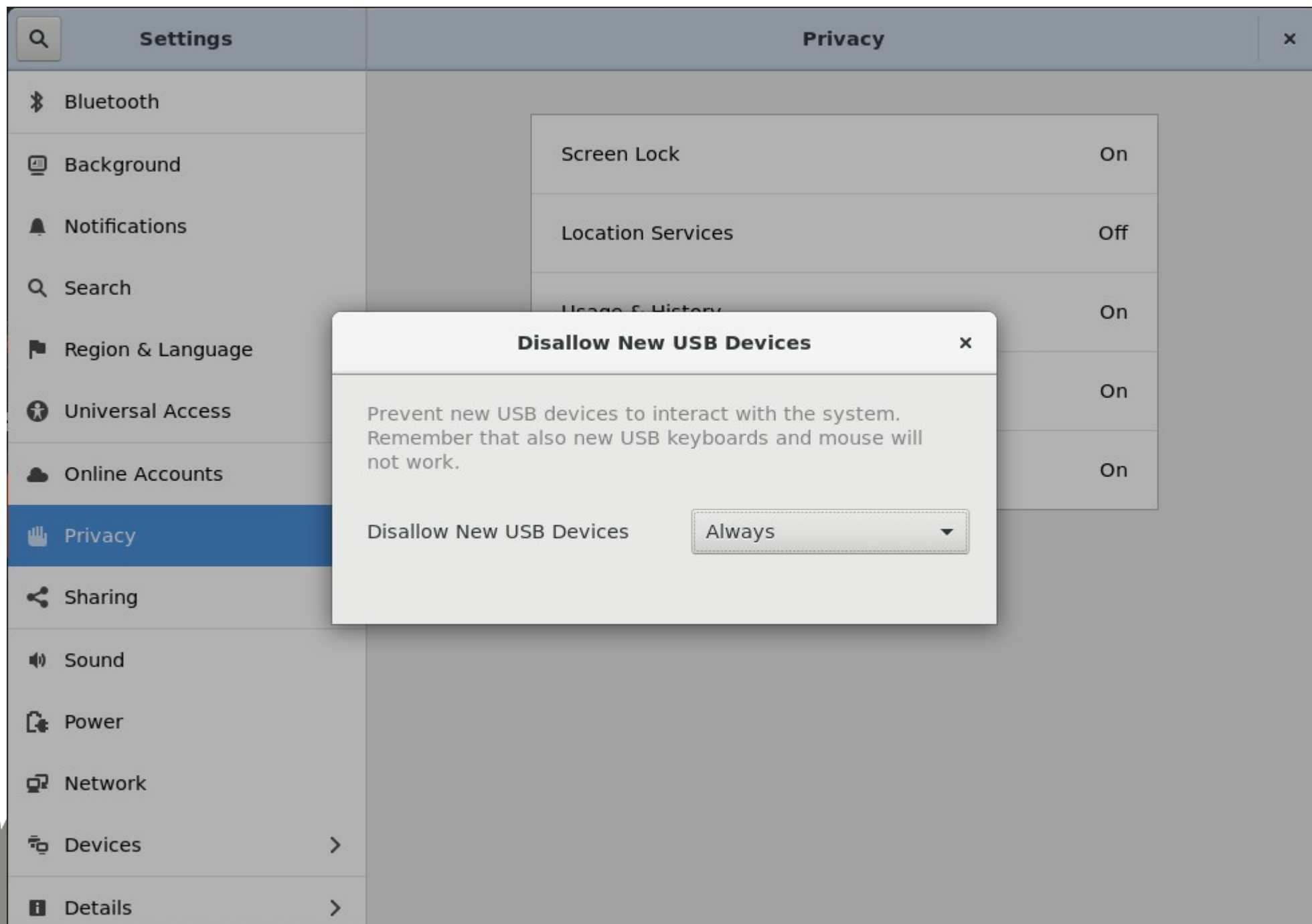
On

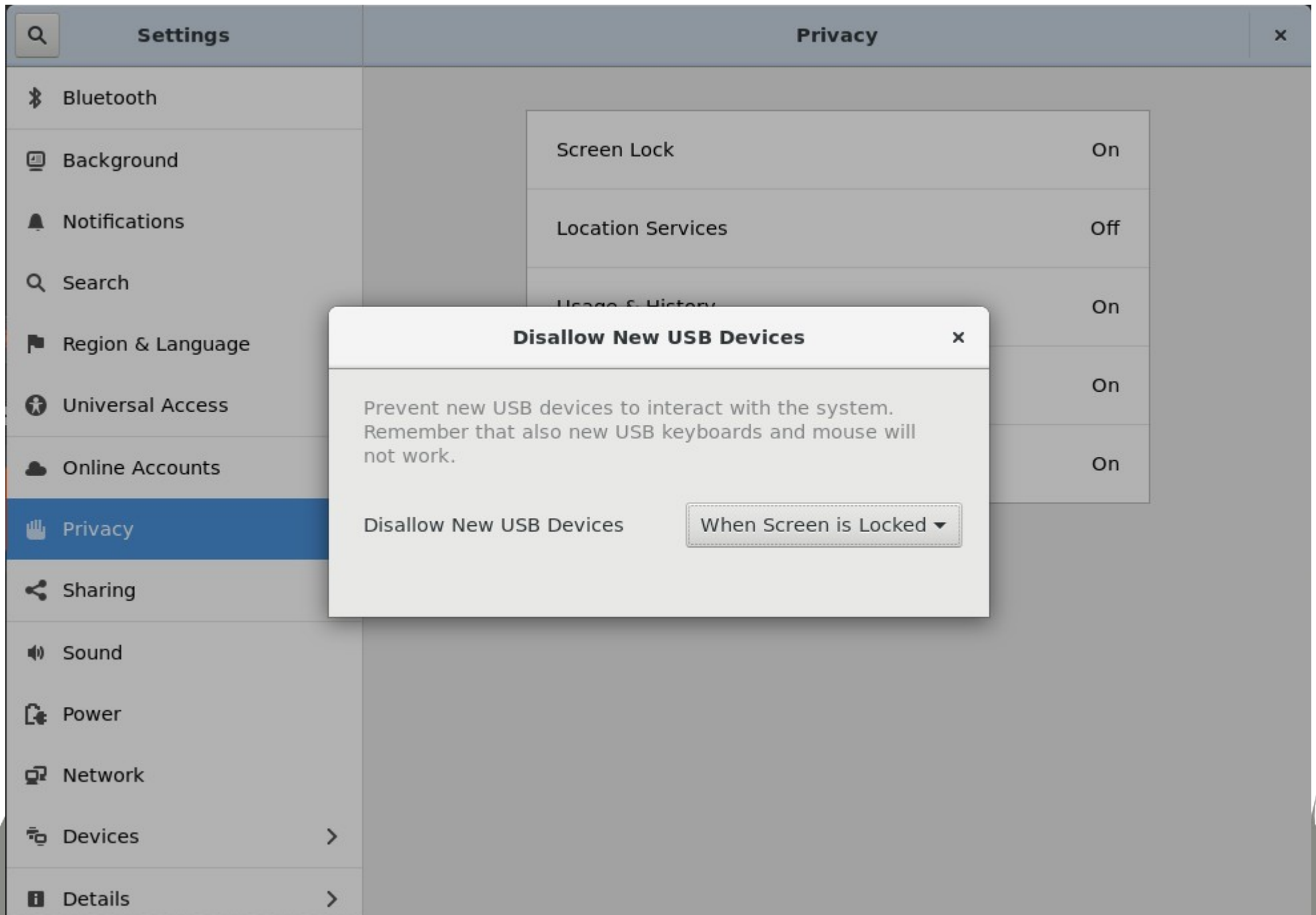


Prevent new USB devices to interact with the system.  
Remember that also new USB keyboards and mouse will  
not work.

Disallow new USB Devices

ON











**GNOME™**